



FIG. 1. Shells of *Latiaxis (Babelomurex) naskensis* sp. nov. A, B — holotype; C — paratype No. 1.

РИС. 1. Раковины *Latiaxis (Babelomurex) naskensis* sp. nov. A, B — голотип, C — паратип № 1.

приподняты, а верхнее и нижнее из последних образуют маленькие шипы, сходные по форме с шипами на плече.

Устье высокое, овально-удлиненное. Внутренняя губа с довольно толстым, узким, блестящим белым каллусом. Канал хорошо дифференцируется от устья, узкий и неглубокий, загнут вправо. На сифональном выросте видны 3 остатка заросших каналов.]

Remarks. New species is conchologically most similar to *L. (B.) australis* (Laseron, 1955) (the latter is considered as a synonym of *L. (B.) lischkeanum* (Dunker, 1882) by Clover [1982] and Kosuge and Suzuki [1985]). Judging from the photograph of the holotype of *L. australis* [Kosuge, Suzuki, 1985, Pl. 47, fig. 3], the new species differs in more uniform spiral cords on the body whorl, only 3 out of which (instead of 7, as in holotype of *L. australis*) are more prominent, and bear short spines, and in shoulder spines pointed more upwards. Moreover the new species differs in its distribution — underwater

ridges Nazca and Sala-y-Gomes, which comprise a separate zoogeographical province [Mironov, Detinova, 1990], while *L. australis* was described from Australia.

There is also a similarity between the new species and the Indo-West Pacific species *L. (B.) sibogae* Schepman, 1911. The new species differs in its relatively shorter spire and more numerous and much less pronounced spines on the body whorl.

REFERENCES

- CLOVER P.W. 1982. *Latiaxis catalogue & illustrated check list of Coralliophilidae family: ii + 18 plates.*
 KOSUGE S., SUZUKI M. 1985. Illustrated catalogue of *Latiaxis* and its related groups. Family Coralliophilidae. *Special publication of the Institute of Malacology of Tokyo*, 1: 83 p.
 MIRONOV A.N., DETINOVA N.N. 1990. Bottom fauna of the Nazca and Sala-y-Gomez Ridges. In: *Plankton and benthos from the Nazca and Sala-y-Gomez submarine ridges. Trudy Instituta Okeanologii Akademii nauk SSSR*, 124: 269-278 (In Russian).

Two new species of *Boreotrophon* (Gastropoda, Muricidae) from the Northwestern Pacific ocean.

Roman V. EGOROV

Zoological Museum of Moscow State University, Herzen street, 6, Moscow, 103009, RUSSIA

Два новых вида рода *Boreotrophon* (Gastropoda, Muricidae) из северо-западной части Тихого океана.

Р. В.Егоров

Зоологический Музей Московского Государственного Университета, ул. Герцена, 6, Москва, 103009

During the study of molluscs of the family Muricidae from the waters of the North-western Pacific ocean stored in the Zoological Institute of Russian Academy of Sciences (St.-Petersburg) (ZIN) samples were found, which contained two new species of the genus *Boreotrophon*. Their descriptions are presented below.

Abbreviations used in the text:

- DBW — the diameter of the body whorl
 H — the shell height
 HAp — the aperture height
 HBW — the height of the body whorl
 LS — the length of the siphon
 WAp — the width of the aperture
 WC — the width of the canal