The first sinistral representative of *Turananeta* (Gastropoda: Pulmonata: Enidae) and notes on the taxonomy of the genus

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*Turananeta inversa* sp.n. from Chatkal Range (Tien-Shan) is described. Area of the genus consists of two isolated parts: Asia Minor (including southern Transcaucasus and northern Iran) and Central Asia. In each part the genus is represented by 10 species. For the Central Asian group a new subgenus *Asuraneta* is erected, with *Ena (Turananeta) lepogyra* Lindholm, 1927 as a type species. The new subgenus is characterized by relatively long slender conical flagellum while representatives of nominotypical subgenus have short blunt or rounded flagellum.

Первый синистральный представитель *Turananeta* (Gastropoda: Pulmonata: Enidae) и заметки по таксономии рода

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Описание *Turananeta inversa* sp.n. из Чаткальского хребта (Тянь-Шань). Ареал рода состоит из двух изолированных участков: малоазийского (включая южное Закавказье и северный Иран) и центральноазиатского. В каждом из участков род представлен 10 видами. Для центральноазиатской группы предложен новый подрод *Asuraneta* с типовым видом *Ena (Turananeta) lepogyra* Lindholm, 1927, который характеризуется относительно длинным коническим флагеллумом, тогда как у представителей номинативного подрода флагеллум короткий, на конце притупленный или закругленный.

One of the authors (S.M.) has collected a good series of large left-coiled *Turananeta* in the mountains of Central Asia. After description of a new species we will discuss this fact and will give a short review of the genus.

*Turananeta inversa*
Schileyko et Moisseeva, sp. nov.

Fig. 1, 2

LOCUS TYPICUS — Tien-Shan, Chatkal Range, upper part of the valley of the Aflatun River (left tributary of the Chatkal River).

MATERIAL. 25 specimens from the type locality (collected on July 28, 1991) are stored in the Zoological Museum of Moscow State University (one of them has been collected alive and dissected); holotype No. Lc-22029, paratypes No. Lc-22030.

SHELL (Fig. 1) sinistral, highly conical, rather thick-walled, weakly shining. Outlines of the spire are practically straight. Whorls 6, moderately convex, body whorl inflated, not elevated towards the aperture, its height exceeds a half of the total shell height. Color light horny, with irregular radial creamy stripes;