

Enoploteuthis (Paraenoploteuthis) semilineata, a new species of squid (Cephalopoda, Oegopsida, Enoploteuthidae) from the Southern Pacific

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A new species of enoploteuthid squid *Enoploteuthis (Paraenoploteuthis) semilineata* sp. nov., is described. Eight specimens of this species were collected in the Southern Pacific during two cruises of the research vessel *Vozrozhdeniye* in 1987 and 1989.

Enoploteuthis (Paraenoploteuthis) semilineata, новый вид кальмара
(Cephalopoda, Oegopsida, Enoploteuthidae) из южной Пацифики

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Описан новый вид кальмара семейства Enoploteuthidae — *Enoploteuthis (Paraenoploteuthis) semilineata* sp. nov. Восемь экземпляров этого вида были собраны в Южной Пацифике в ходе двух рейсов НПС "Возрождение" в 1987 и 1989 гг.

Eight unidentified specimens of the genus *Enoploteuthis* were collected from catches of commercial pelagic trawls during two cruises of the research vessel *Vozrozhdeniye* in the Southern Pacific. These specimens differ very strongly from descriptions of all presently known species of the genus *Enoploteuthis*. In my opinion these squids represent a new species.

Enoploteuthis (Paraenoploteuthis) semilineata Alexeyev, sp. nov.

MATERIAL. Holotype: male, 89 mm mantle length, 04.10.1989, 19.00-21.45, 40°10'7 S 127°48'4 W — 40°03'5 S 127°36'7 W, depth 120 m (specimen No. 1), stored in the Zoological Museum of Moscow State University (ZMMSU), No. U-368. Paratypes (ZMMSU No. U-369—U-371, and in VNIRO): one male and two females (specimens No. 2-4)

from the same locality as the holotype; one female — 22.09.1989, 19.35-20.00, 36°46'4 S-113°15'2 W — 36°44'0 S-113°18'W, depth 80-90 m (specimen No. 5); a male and a mantle of male — 16.07.1987, 04.55-07.55, 41°47'3 S 139°11'1 W, depth 90-120 m (specimens No. 6 and 7); one female — 19.06.1987, 17.10-20.10, 42°45'5 S-144°29'3 W, depth 50-60 m (specimen No. 8).

DESCRIPTION. The mantle is cylindrical and muscular. It tapers gradually towards long translucent tail. The mantle is the widest at the anterior edge. The dorsal anterior edge of the mantle is only slightly prominent. The ventral anterior excavation of the mantle is shallow and slightly W-shaped, the lateral angles are low but distinct.

Fins are rhomboidal and do not reach the tail end. Their length is about three-fourths of the mantle length. The total width of fins